[THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1772.] (679) [NUMB. 1542.]

THE NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

Aſſize of BREAD, publiſhed 18th of Dec. 1771.

Flour at 22*ſ.* 9*d.* per Ct.

A White Loaf of fineſt Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz. for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11 for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	8*s.* 3*d.*	Beef per Barrel	65*s.* 0*d.*
Flour———	23*s.* 0*d.*	Pork	£3. 10*s.* 0*d.*
Brown Bread	24*s.* 0*d.*	Salt	2/6 to 2*s* 10*d.*
Weſt-India Rum	4*s.* 0*d.*	Bohea Tea	4*s.* 0*d.*
New-England ditto	2*s.* 6*d.*	Chocol. per Doz.	18*s.* 0*d.*
Muſcovado Sugar	52*s.* 0*ds.*	Bees Wax	1*s.* 9*d.*
Single refin'd ditto	1*s.* 0*d.*	Indian Corn	4/3 Buſhel
Molaſſes	1*s.* 8*d.*	Wood	22*s.* to 35*s.* 0*d.*

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

	☾'s Age.	High Water.	☉ riſes H.	M.	☉ ſets H.	
THURSDAY	23	3	after 4	46	before 8	New ● Thurſday next 3 Aft.
FRIDAY	24	4	4	47	8	
SATURDAY	25	5	4	47	8	
SUNDAY	26	6	4	48	8	
MONDAY	27	7	4	49	8	
TUESDAY	28	8	4	50	8	
WEDNESDAY	29	8	4	51	8	

Days 14 Hours 28 Min. the 23d.

LITTLE BERN-ISLAND.

To be ſold at public Auction, on Wedneſday the 23d of September next, at 12 o'Clock, at the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe, in the City of New-York;

THAT very valuable Iſland, called Little Bern-Iſland, belonging to the eſtate of Mr. St. George Talbot, deceaſed, ſituate oppoſite to New-Harlem church, in the out-ward of this city, containing upwards of one hundred acres of land and meadow; the land is very good, and produces excellent grain of all ſorts; the orchard abounds with good apples for market or cider, of which fifty barrels may be made yearly; a large quantity of the beſt of Engliſh hay may be annually cut, and an immenſe quantity of ſalt hay can be made,—ſufficient to ſupply the whole neighbourhood, who come to take it off the meadows at their own expence: It has a great advantage of manure from the ſedge which lodges on the ſhore, of which hundreds of loads may be taken up, at no expence: It abounds with wild fowl, as ducks, geeſe, pidgeons, quails, &c. in their ſeaſon, and has the advantage of a fine ſeine fiſhery, and black fiſh, oyſters, lobſters, &c. There is on it a large houſe with four very convenient rooms on a flour, and a large entry, a very good barn, in good repair, a well, and a very fine ſpring of water, and a houſe near the landing fit for an overſeer; being in the vicinity of New-York, the produce may be brought to the Fly-market with the tide of ebb, and the flood will waft the craft home. This moſt valuable place, with little expence, may be made an agreeable ſeat for a gentleman, or a profitable one for a farmer; the purchaſer to take poſſeſſion the 25th day of March next.

On Wedneſday the 30th of September next, at 12 o'clock, at the ſame place, will be ſold at public action, that moſt excellent Farm at King's-Bridge, now in the poſſeſſion of Mr. Sampſon Dyckman, and the meadows thereunto belonging, with the large houſe, barn, kitchen, and all other improvements; it has a very good garden and orchard with the beſt of fruits, ſuch as apples, pears, &c. and is the moſt frequented and noted houſe on this iſland for traveller's who paſs Prince's-Bridge; it has the advantage of mowing a large quantity of ſalt hay, &c. in the ſpring it abounds with moſt excellent baſs, ſhad and herrings, and crabs and oyſters moſt part of the year are caught in great abundance; in ſhort it is the moſt convenient ſpot for a tavern-keeper to make his fortune in a few years, of any on this iſland; the purchaſer may take poſſeſſion the firſt of October next.

Conditions of ſale for both the above places, may be ſeen at JOHN LIVINGSTON'S, in Broad-ſtreet.

New-York, 14th July, 1772. 42—

To be ſold for Want of EMPLOY,

A LIKELY middle aged Negro WENCH, who can waſh, iron, ſpin, ſew, and do all manner of houſe work, and is a pretty good cook. Inquire of the printer. 42 45

TO BE LET,

And enter'd upon immediately, furniſhed or unfurniſhed.

THREE genteel Rooms, one on the firſt and two on the ſecond Foor, all fronting the Street, with Fire Places in two of them; and a Cellar adjoining: They are fit for a Merchant or Shop keeper, and may be ſeen by applying to ABRAHAM COCK, Cooper, next Door to Mr. Jaſper Drake, at Beekman's-Slip. 42 45

To be SOLD,

A Well made healthy Negro Man, about 26 Years of Age; has been uſed to the Buſineſs of a Family, and is ſold for want of Employ. Inquire of the Printer. 41-44

CHEAP FOR CASH,

COUNTRY PRODUCE, or SHORT CREDIT, by

JOHN WATSON,

At his Store, in Horſe and Cart-Street, next Door to Mr. Abraham De la Noy's, the following Articles, viz.

SUPERFINE yard wide Iriſh linen
Coarſe yard wide, and 7-8 ditto
Cambricks and lawns
Cat-guts, gauzes & miniotettes
Damaſk table-cloths and clouting diaper
Chintzes, cottons, callicoes, and copper-plate printed linens
Durants, tammies, calamancoes, and double fold ſtuffs.
Silk Damaſcus & do. Loretto.
Striped plain camblets and granets
Striped and flowered kenting handkerchiefs.
Black and coloured Barcelona and Cullgee ditto
Plain gauze ditto
Printed cotton and check do.
Apron yard wide and 7-8 cotton and linen checks
Plain and laid cravats
Striped holland and tickens
Peelongs, ſarſenets, and perſians
Iriſh ſheeting and dowlas
Ravens duck and oznaburgs
Superfine and coarſe broad cloths
London brown and Yorkſhire plains
Knap and other ſorts of drop plains
Wiltons, coating and duffies
Pickeens, cantaloons and cantoons
Velverets, ſuperfine and hair ſhags
Nankeens and breeches patterns
Drillings and flannels
Ratinets, ſhalloon and buckrams
Buttons, mohair and ſewing ſilk
Scotch threads and coloured ditto
Mens ſilk, cotton, thread and worſted ſtockings
Bohea tea
White and brown ſugar, &c.

41-45

By the Mercury Packet, Captain Dillon, from Falmouth, and the Snow Peggy, Captain Cummings, from Liverpool, we have the following Advices, to the 19th of May, viz.

VIENNA, *April* 18.

WE are aſſured that Count Eſterhaſi has entered into Poland, at the head of the Imperial troops which formed the line on the frontiers of Upper Sileſia, with a deſign to join the Pruſſians and Ruſſians, to act againſt the Confederates.

From the Frontiers of Turkey, April 2. Marſhal Romanzow, after receiving inſtructions from his Court, relative to the manner in which he was to conclude the preliminaries of peace, ſent a perſon of conſequence to the Ottoman camp, accompanied by 40 Lords, and eſcorted by 200 horſe grenadiers. On their way they were met by a numerous body of Janiſſaries, with their muſick, and were ſaluted by the diſcharge of the artillery. The principal Turkiſh officers came to meet him, and placing the Ruſſian Plenipotentiary between them, they conducted him to the Grand Vizir's tent, who received him with great ceremony and diſtinction, treated him magnificently for three days, according to the Ottoman cuſtom, and made him rich preſents. There was a conference in the night, which laſted a long time. After having executed his commiſſion, this Lord took leave of the Grand Vizir and returned to Moldavia, but left one of the officers of his ſuit, who was ſent to Conſtantinople the next day with four Turkiſh officers. As ſoon as he arrived he went to the Caimacan, to whom he notified that he came from the Ottoman camp. He ſtaid three hours in the capital, and was ſent back to the Vizir with other diſpatches; from whence he is to go to Moldavia, to give account of his commiſſion to Count Romannow. It is not yet known what has paſſed in this negociation, but it is hoped that we ſhall ſoon be informed of it.

Rotterdam, April 13. Advice has been received here from the Eaſt-Indies, which informs us, that the Engliſh are beſieging the Nabob of Tanjour in his capital; and they further add, that they intend to build a fortreſs at Negapatnam, belonging to the Nabob of Tanjour. This event will be very diſagreeable to the Dutch Company, as the Engliſh may, by that ſituation, ruin the Dutch trade there.

Hamburgh, April 24. Letters from Copenhagen adviſe, that at the laſt interrogatory of Count de Struenſee before the commiſſion of inquiſition, he made ſo pathetick a ſpeech to them, as to draw tears from them all, and more eſpecially from the preſident, Juel Wind; in his diſcourſe he acknowledged himſelf guilty of ſome things laid to his charge, and implored mercy from his Sovereign; but if he muſt die, he begged that he might not ſuffer publickly, but in the caſtle. He ended his diſcourſe with ſoliciting pardon for the other ſtate priſoners, of whoſe diſgrace he was the author. Theſe letters bring, that the inquiſitors had been with the Queen at Cronenbourg. Further particulars have been received on this ſubject, which diſcretion forbids our diſcloſing.

LONDON.

May 4. Yeſterday Morning early, an expreſs arrived from Briſtol for the act of Parliament which paſſed this ſeſſion, relating to perſons ſtanding mute on their trials, after arraignment; it was occaſioned by the famous Mr. Britain refuſing to plead to any of the indictments againſt him, and we hear the Recorder (who was Counſellor Dunning) did not care to paſs ſentence till he had received a copy of that act.

A viſit from the Dauphin and Dauphineſs of France, to this Court, during the courſe of the ſummer, is much talked of at St. James's.

The Hon. Eaſt-India Company have reſolved to ſend a large quantity of ammunition, and a reinforcement of 8000 men for the defence of their ſettlements in India.

May 5. A letter from Altena, dated April 13, concludes thus: "This day's poſt from Copenhagen is not arrived yet; but an expreſs is juſt come here; ſince which it is ſaid, that the King of Denmark is to be married to a Princeſs of Swedt. All things are now kept very ſecret."

The ſhip Alexandria, John Haſtie maſter, arrived at Port Glaſgow the 26th ult. and about 270 leagues from Virginia met with a wreck of a ſchooner, called the Vigorous, William Fitch maſter, of and from Liverpool, in Nova-Scotia, bound for St. Martin's. The ſchooner had her decks carried away by the ſea, and the Captain and all the hands belonging to her, had been waſhed overboard excepting one Ralph Noegood, who had laſhed himſelf to one of the timbers, and before he was taken off the wreck by Captain Haſtie he had been five days in that ſituation, living on raw dried fiſh and rain water. Part of the cargo being dried fiſh, brought many ſharks into the veſſel as ſhe lay on her broad ſide.—The poor man was almoſt inſenſible when taken up, but is now quite well.

Extract of a Letter from Poonamula, near Madras, dated Oct. 8, 1771.

"The deſign of taking Tanjour having been renewed, our army marched the 11th of laſt month towards that place. On the 18th batteries were opened againſt a ſtrong fort called Vellum, ſeven miles from Tanjour. The enemy deſerted it the 20th at midnight, and we took poſſeſſion of it the 21ſt, early in the morning. We now hear that the batteries againſt Tanjour are within 500 yards of the place."

We are informed that this morning his Excellency the Ruſſian Ambaſſador notified in form to our Court that a ſuſpenſion of arms has actually taken place between the Turks and Ruſſians, and that a congreſs is already begun.

We are told that orders have been ſent down to Chatham to unrig the men of war which were ordered about a month ago to be fitted for foreign ſervice.

The report of the Dutcheſs of C. having leave to appear at court in that character, the next birth day, is without foundation.

Some letters from Paris, mention, that orders have been ſent to the French commander in the Mediterranean to ſail for Algiers to demand ſatisfaction for ſome indignities lately offered to the French conſul at that place.

A Gentleman who arrived on Sunday night laſt from Paris, brings advice, that the French King has been attacked with a ſudden illneſs, from which it is thought he cannot recover.

May 7. *Lord North had ſome converſation yeſterday with a foreign Miniſter, who aſked him why he was ſo ſtrongly wedded to an opinion that the general pacification of Europe would continue ten years? His Lordſhip anſwered, that if the various powers of Europe really knew their own intereſt, there never would be another war, but that policy itſelf would become a guarantee to the rights of humanity.*

Notwithſtanding the late peaceable proteſtations of Lord North in an Auguſt Aſſembly, the following circumſtance, we can aſſure the public, as a fact, that there are juſt now ordered from Deal to Sheerneſs, to be ready for ſea at an hour's notice, three 74 gun ſhips, two bomb ketches, a fire ſhip, and yacht. Where this fleet is deſtined is, no doubt uncertain; ſtill it looks as if matters were not fully accommodated between our court and that of Denmark.

May 9. *The following gentlemen are talked of for Sheriffs; Mr. Alderman Oliver in conjunction with Mr. Lewis, a member of the Bill of Rights.*

Mr. Alderman Kirkman, it is ſaid, bath declared he will not ſtand with Mr. Alderman Plumbe.

Mr. Alderman Wilkes and Townſend are the two gentlemen reſolved upon to be returned for Mayor.

It is ſaid that Zell will be only a temporary retreat for the Queen of Denmark, as it is reſolved that ſhe ſhall return to England when matters have ſomewhat ſubſided.

May 10. Notwithſtanding all the preparations at Zelle, for the reception of her Daniſh Majeſty, we have received a letter from Copenhagen, of very good authority, dated the 5th inſtant, which aſſures us, that Queen Matilda is ſo inſurmountable, that ſhe has abſolutely and finally declared, ſhe will upon no conſideration whatever be ſeparated from the King; and that ſhe perſiſts in proteſting againſt the conſiſtorial decree of April the 6th, by which ſhe was ſentenced to be divorced from her Royal Conſort; ſhe ſtill reſolutely inſiſts on a full and public ſcrutiny into her conduct, that if guilty, ſhe demands the ſame puniſhment that has been inflicted upon Struenſee and Brandt; and if innocent, then ſhe demands as a matter of right, an ample reſtitution of her honour and royal dignity. This reſolution has greatly embarraſſed the Court of Copenhagen, and the reſult of it remains as yet a myſtery of ſtate

Extract of a letter from a Daniſh merchant to his correſpondent in London.

"I don't blame you for defending the Queen Matilda, you are an Engliſhman; but if you are in earneſt, and really believe ſhe is innocent, then I muſt tell you, that had you yourſelf but known a tenth part of the heinous circumſtances laid to her charge, you would have condemned her yourſelf, though you were the beſt friend in the world to the Houſe of Hanover. For the truth is, her conduct has been ſo glaringly culpable, that even the common people could not avoid paſſing the ſame cenſorious reflections upon her here, as

the common people did upon her late mother in London. You can form no idea of the execration in which the whole Britiſh nation is held here, intirely upon her account, ſeeing the common people conclude that all the Engliſh, whom they meaſure by this Queen's imprudent conduct, are equally bad and vicious. This young woman, who is called here the Meſſalina of Denmark, if perchance ſhe had not ſeen Struenſee for twenty-four hours, would be ſending for him all over the town of Copenhagen, meſſenger after meſſenger, and ſometimes twenty of them in a day. So great was her jealouſy, that ſhe forbid many Ladies of Diſtinction the Court, upon the moſt groundleſs ſuſpicions of their being great with Struenſee. As an inſtance of her weakneſs, as well as want of common prudence, I muſt tell you, that laſt Chriſtmas-day ſhe made Struenſee a preſent of a piece of new faſhioned Engliſh ſilk to make him a bed-gown; but Struenſee, who it ſeems had a greater paſſion for a favourite Italian actreſs than for the young Queen, made a preſent of this Engliſh-manufactured ſilk to this actreſs; ſhe, proud and vain of her conqueſt, had it immediately made up, and appeared in all the public walks. The Queen happening one day to ſee her walking in the ſtreets in this new-acquired dreſs, ſtung with rage and jealouſy at her fair rival's ſuperior charms, inſtantly diſpatched ſome of her domeſtics with orders to tear the gown from off her back; the royal orders were immediately carried into execution, and the lovely actreſs was accordingly ſtripped ſtark naked in the public-ſtreets, in the preſence of a thouſand ſpectators. I leave you, Sir, to make your own comments on this true ſtory, and am perſuaded you cannot but think the whole Daniſh nation are happy in getting rid of her."

Copenhagen, April 27, 1772.

Our letters from Hamburgh, dated April 26, remark, that ſeveral merchants there had received different commiſſions from the Britiſh Court to furniſh the Palace at Zell immediately with the richeſt and moſt magnificent furniture of all ſorts, for the reception of the young Queen Matilda: and the ſame correſpondent adds, that it is known of a certainty at Hamburgh, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has negotiated a treaty of marriage between his niece Philipina Auguſtina Amelia, and his preſent Daniſh Majeſty. This Princeſs is in her 27th year, and is daughter to Frederic William, Margrave of Brandenburgh-Schwedt. The other ſiſter of this Princeſs is married to Prince Ferdinand of Pruſſia.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, April 18.

"The appointed commiſſion continues the examination of the ſtate priſoners, ſometimes in the caſtle and ſometimes in the citadel. The counſel of two of the priſoners have deſired more time to deliberate, which was granted. Laſt Wedneſday all the domeſticks belonging to the Queen's houſehold had orders to be ready to embark in a few days on board a frigate that lies ready to carry them to Aalbourg; and all the ſilver ſervice for the Queen, conſiſting of four dozen of plates, beſides diſhes, tureens, and other neceſſaries, are ſent on board. The Engliſh ambaſſador, Sir William Keith, has received two expreſſes this week, and the Daniſh expreſs, Brummer, likewiſe arrived here this week."

We juſt now hear from Stockholm, that eight Senators of that kingdom have been expelled.

It was yeſterday reported upon Change, that in the new treaty lately negociated between France, Spain, and the Emperor, were two articles, viz. putting the Pretender Charles in poſſeſſion of Corſica, and annexing Gibraltar to the crown of France.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, dated April 28.

"Saturday laſt, early in the forenoon, the committee of inquiry pronounced ſentence againſt John Frederick Struenſee and Enevold Brandt, which was accordingly preſented to the privy council, without his Majeſty's attendance. In the afternoon, the privy council met again; in the evening, towards ſeven o'clock, the King arrived from Charlottenburgh, and preſided at the council board, when, after confirming the ſentence, he went *directly* to the Italian *opera*.

"Same day, at twelve at noon, both the priſoners were acquainted by their counſellors, with their ſentences. Struenſee received and read it with extraordinary compoſure, which naturally aſtoniſhed all thoſe preſent; to whom he obſerved, they ought, as he did, to impute it to his conſtant "apprehenſions and his long preparations for his unhappy fate." His uneaſineſs appeared much greater, when he found Brandt's ſentence equal to his own. Brandt alſo ſeemed tolerably reſigned on hearing his ſentence; but the following morning his ſpirits totally ſunk, there being no barber ſent him, as uſual, to be ſhaved. Meſſrs. Munter and Itee have been, ſince Saturday, ſeldom abſent from Struenſee and Brandt. Both priſoners delivered to their counſellors hands, on their leaving them on Saturday laſt, two letters, one for the King, and another for the committee of inquiry. Yeſterday they both took the Holy Sacrament.

"Struenſee's ſentence takes up five full ſheets of paper: Among the charges therein contained againſt him are, his having aſſumed too great a power to himſelf; his injuring the King's treaſure for more than fifteen tons of gold; his forging (or falſifying) a draught; his diſcharging the guards; the ſuſpicious arrangements he had been ordering within the walls of this place, &c.

"Brandt's ſentence expreſſly ſays, that on account of his deſigns agitated *immediately* againſt the ſacred perſon of his Majeſty, the exceptions he made could not be admitted, and therefore declared him guilty and condemned; towards the concluſion of their ſentence, is added, in virtue of the Daniſh law book, B. VI. Cap. IV. Art. 1. both Count John Frederick Struenſee, and Count Enevold Brandt, having made themſelves guilty, and as an example to others, ſtand juſtly condemned to forfeit their honours, lives and property; and are entirely degraded from the dignities belonging to their titles of earls; their earls coats of arms are to be broken by the hands of the common hangman; this being done, their right arm will be cut off, next their heads, then will their bodies be quartered, and laid upon the wheel, and their heads and hands fixed upon iron ſpikes.

"The aforeſaid dead warrants were this morning executed in a field without the eaſtern gate; a ſcaffold was erected of nine yards in height, and eight yards ſquare, whither both the priſoners were carried in hackney coaches; in the firſt went the Attorney-General, and ſome attendants; Brandt appeared firſt on the ſcaffold; he had on a gold laced hat, a green ſuit of clothes, with gold binding, and boots. he ſpoke for ſome little time to his clergyman, Mr. Hee, after which the ſentence was read and executed; his head was ſeveral times expoſed to the view of an immenſe crowd of ſpectators; next appeared Struenſee on the ſcaffold, accompanied by Dr. Munter, having his hat in his hand, and dreſſed in a blue ſuperfine ſuit; he ſpoke to Dr. Munter; when done, his ſentence was executed in every ſhape like the foregoing one; their corpſe were carried to the uſual place of execution, to be there expoſed; Struenſee behaved very penitently, but this cannot be ſaid of Brandt, for his whole conduct was remarkably bold; ſeveral files of ſoldiers and ſailors guarded the ſcaffold, and the town guards were alſo reinforced; though immenſe numbers were, for want of room, diſappointed of ſeeing this execution, and all ſeeming for a while in a violent ferment, yet the whole went off undiſturbed and quietly."

May 12. Major Rogers, who was ſo ſerviceable in the command of a body of Irregulars laſt war in America, has juſt obtained a commiſſion from his Majeſty for finding out the north-weſt paſſage in that quarter. He is to be allowed 3 l. a day for himſelf, and four ſhillings each for fifty companions of his own chooſing. From the intimate acquaintance this gentleman has with the country, his knowledge of Indian language; and above all, having the object much at heart, the ſcheme ſeems to preſage a very ſucceſsful iſſue.

May 16. On Thurſday the Houſe of Commons agreed to the following reſolutions, viz.

That, after the expiration of the preſent drawback of the duties of the cuſtoms upon tea exported to Ireland and the Britiſh plantations, a drawback be allowed of three-fifth parts of the duties of cuſtoms payable upon the importation of ſuch teas, for a limited time.

Letters by yeſterday's Holland mail bring the following melancholy account, viz. On Monday evening laſt, juſt before the beginning of the Flemiſh opera at the Theatre in Amſterdam, a ſmall rope belonging to ſome of the machinary took fire owing to a candle having been by accident placed immediately under it, which communicated itſelf to the boxes with ſuch rapidity, that in a very few minutes the whole houſe was in flames. The ſmoke and confuſion was ſo great, that, though many eſcaped out of the houſe, a large number amounting to near three hundred perſons, we are ſorry to inform the public, periſhed in the flames. Among whom were many of the firſt families in Holland. Huſband and wife, mother and daughter, were burnt together. In ſhort, when the mail came away, ſo great was the confuſion, owing to the above dreadful calamity, that ſcarce half the buſineſs was conducted by the merchants in perſon. Eight or nine houſes were likewiſe burnt down by the ſaid fire.

It is ſaid that the dowry of the Queen of Denmark, which has been demanded by the Britiſh Miniſter, has been peremptorily refuſed by the Court of Copenhagen; which refuſal it is thought will produce ſome very unpleaſing circumſtances:

It is ſaid that the Right Hon. Col. Barre' is going on a ſecret Embaſſy to Spain, as ſoon as the houſe breaks up.

They write from Madrid, that the King of Spain at the inſtance of the Britiſh Ambaſſador, had given orders for all the ſubjects of Great-Britain in perſon at Cadiz and Carthagena, to be immediately releaſed, and forwarded to their own country.

May 19. Advice is received from Sir Robert Murray Keith, that the Court of Denmark are plotting ſomething more againſt the Queen, in order to take her off; but that he apprehends before they proceed any further againſt her, ſome other perſons, who are well wiſhers to her, will be cut off; it having been noticed to the public that there will be more executions in a ſhort time.

Orders are given for a fleet of ſhips to be ready to ſail at a few hours notice, their deſtination is not known, but it is imagined they are bound up the Baltic.

Letters from the North of Ireland adviſe that the inſurrections of the populace are intirely quelled, and that many of the inſurgents, who were chiefly compoſed of farmers and weavers, are preparing to embark for America.

St. James's, May 18. This afternoon between three and four o'clock, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter arrived from Italy, in perfect health, and immediately waited on their Majeſties at Kew.

They write from Oporto, that three Engliſh merchant ſhips from Madeira, were taken by two Salletine Corſairs the 27th ult. and carried into Sallee.

Advice is received from Gibraltar that the French Conſul at Algiers had been maſſacred with his wife and family.

LONDON,

May 9. The bill for the relief of proteſtant diſſenters has paſſed the Commons.

Yeſterday the Houſe of Commons came to a reſolution, that a ſum, not exceeding 5000l. ſhould be granted to his Majeſty, to be paid to Mr. Charles Irvin, for his ingenious invention of a machine, by which ſalt water can be made freſh and wholeſome.

Mr. Pignerelli, a Neapolitan gentleman, was beheaded at Rome, the eleventh ult. for his ſatirical writings againſt the Holy See.

Laſt night about eleven o'clock, a dreadful fire broke out in the kitchen of Mr. Jefferies, merchant, in Throgmorton-ſtreet, which entirely conſumed the ſame, together with upwards of twenty other houſes, and the beautiful hall belonging to the worſhipful company of drapers. Two of Mr. Jefferies's maid ſervants are ſaid to be miſſing; and about five this morning, one of the walls of the houſes fell down, by which accident a young fellow who unfortunately ſtood too near, was killed. Among the number of houſes deſtroyed and damaged, are thoſe of Mr. Jefferies, a Ruſſian merchant, where the fire began; Dr. Reeves, Mr. Ozorio, Mr. Auguſtine, Mr. Smith, the gunpowder office, Meſſrs. Randall and Co. upholders, Mr. Bowland, Mr. Hayward and Mrs. Hayes in Auſtin Friars, ſeveral houſes in White-Lion-Court, Throgmorton-ſtreet, the greateſt part of Draper's-Hall, including their fine large rooms, &c. &c.

It is not eaſy upon ſuch a melancholy occaſion to procure ſatisfactory particulars of the damage done. The loſs muſt be incredible. Mr. Jefferies's ſtock of linens alone, at this ſeaſon of the year, is ſaid, muſt amount to 30,000l. and moſt of the ſufferers were men of opulence.

A gang of thieves, in the confuſion, carried off an iron cheſt containing a conſiderable ſum of money.

On Thurſday laſt a young lady, daughter to a wealthy Commoner, with a fortune of 30,000l. at her own diſpoſal ſet out for France with her father's valet de chambre.

May 11. So exceſſive are the emigrations from Scotland to America, that 300 perſons have removed from the eſtate of Mr. M'Cloud, a gentleman of fortune in the Iſle of Sky; and it is ſaid, that the Earl of Eglington has at this moment about 5000 acres of land in Airſhire, on which there is ſcarcely a ſingle inhabitant.

MAY 12. Saturday the General Court Martial was diſſolved, and the Sentence laid before the King. It is ſaid, the General muſt pay the Regiment for the Clothing.

The Bill for the relief of the Proteſtant Diſſenters which paſſed the Houſe of Commons on Friday, was carried on a diviſion 75 againſt 9.

MAY 16. It is reported that counter orders have been ſent to the Commander of the men of war deſtined to ſail for Copenhagen, to conduct the Queen of Denmark to Zell; as it is ſaid, ſhe inſiſts that the charge laid againſt her is unjuſt and illegal, and demands a fair trial.

Advice is received from Verſailles, that the Court is in great diſtreſs for money; to procure which, the Iſland of Corſica has been offered for ſale to certain Powers, who has declined the Purchaſe.

It is now ſaid, that George Mills, Eſq; (and not Mr. Steward) is to be appointed a Commiſſioner of the Board of Cuſtoms at Boſton, in the room of ——Robinſon, Eſq; who goes out with Major Rogers (at a handſome allowance) to aſſiſt in exploring the interior parts of North-America.

A fire broke out laſt Friday at Crediton, and conſumed near 40 dwelling houſes.

DIED.] At Oporto, the 20th ult. the Hon. and Rev. James Horricks, Commiſſary to the Biſhop of London in Virginia.

Briſtol, May 2. Thurſday morning Jonathan Britain was brought into court, and, when called to the bar, deſired his irons might be taken off, which was complied with. To the ſeveral indictments prefered againſt him for forgery he refuſed to plead, claiming all exemption from trial for theſe offences, by virtue of his Majeſty's pardon to the diſcoverer of the fire of Portſmouth dock, as he was enabled to diſcloſe the whole affair.—The recorder remonſtrated againſt his proceedings, and recommended him to take his trial, or otherwiſe there was a law juſt enacted, that would compel him; yet he obſtinately perſiſted in his ſilence, and was ordered away. On quitting the bar, he loudly exclaimed, *Then I ſhall fall a victim to miniſterial vengeance.*

May 16. Yeſterday morning the celebrated Jonathan Britain was executed at St. Michael's-Hill gallows in Briſtol. He left Newgate between eleven and twelve, and arrived at the fatal tree about one o'clock. He behaved with remarkable decency, patience and devotion—— ſung, prayed, and exhorted the people with much fervour and affection; acknowledged the juſtice of his ſentence, and declared his hearty forgiveneſs of all his proſecutors. The executioner being tedious in the performance of his duty, Britain aſſiſted him: he then delivered to the turnkey his watch and cravat, kiſſed him, and launched into eternity with a ſatisfactory hope of ſalvation.

IRELAND.

Belfaſt, April 21. At the aſſizes at Carrickfergus, Philip M'Manus, ſervant to William Agnew, of Hilwaughter, Eſq; was tried on three indictments, and found guilty of each, for breaking open a portmanteau, and ſtealing 105ol. in caſh, and carrying off his maſter's horſe, ſaddle and bridle. [This perſon was ſent over from York Caſtle to Ireland, to be tried for this offence.]

Dublin, April 25. We hear from the county of Antrim, that ſix of the unhappy creatures, called Hearts of Steel, were found guilty of houghing cattle; and another of high treaſon, for ſetting fire to, and burning a houſe, for which they are to be executed.

By letters from Armagh we are informed, that the Grand Jury of that county have foud ſeven bills of indictment againſt riotous inſurgents.

We learn from the Curraugh of Kildare, that a certain Earl won 7000 guineas on Tueſday laſt, by taking up bets again the whole field.

CHARLES-TOWN, (*South Carolina*)

May 5. Laſt Week a Sloop put in here from Weſt-Florida, for New-York, having on board about 160 Barrels of Rice; the firſt from that Quarter ever ſeen here.

June 11. Laſt Thurſday being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Birth, when he entered his 35th Year; the Flags were diſplayed; the Bells rang; the great Guns fired as uſual; the Charles-Town Regiment of Militia and the Artillery Company were exerciſed, and performed to Admiration.—The Officers of the Militia gave an elegant Entertainment at Mr. Holleday's, and the Evening concluded with ONE Illumination—poſſibly owing to the Scarcity of Tallow.

The Cargo of Corn with which Captain Hunt from New-York, was loaded, is entirely loſt—ſome few other Things were ſaved. Mary Trigleth the young Woman who, was ſaved on the Wreck, was 7 Days without Meat or Drink, and was driven on ſhore 70 Miles from the Place where the Veſſel was loſt: She was found on the Shore, in a Deſart Place, naked and almoſt without Life, by a Farmer, who carried her to his Houſe, where ſhe recovered, then went to Wilmington where ſhe

met her Sister and the Reſt, who were ſaved in the Boat, who are ſince arrived here.

Laſt Week we had terrible Storms of Hail, which have done great Damage in the Country; ſome of the Stones it is ſaid, meaſured in Circumference 5 Inches, 5 Hours after they fell.

June 18. Laſt Night, the Governor returned from the Frontiers; the new Boundary Line between North and South Carolina being completed. It begins on the Catabaw River, in Lat. 35, 8 Min. North, and runs Weſt to the Cherokee Boundary in the ſame parallel 65 Miles.

The Board of Commiſſioners at Boſton have eſtabliſhed a Cuſtom-Houſe at Turks Iſland, where a Deputy Collector is to enter and clear all Veſſels that go there.

We had a very gloomy Appearance of this Year's Crop of Corn, Indigo, Rice, &c. till the Beginning of this Month, ſince which we have had the moſt promiſing Seaſon imaginable.

June 29. From the 4th to the 11th Inſtant, 20,000 Buſhels of Indian Corn were imported here, and ſince that, about 13,000 Buſhels more which ſold from 20 to 22/6 a Buſhel.

June 30. At a late Muſter of the 96th Reg. of Militia, under the Command of Colonel Savage, about 1000 Men appeared under Arms, tho' one Company did not appear.

The Governor has publiſhed a Proclamation ſetting forth, That whereas by the late Boundary Line run between the Provinces of North and South-Carolina—ſeveral Plantations ſettled by Virtue of Grants from the Governor of North-Carolina, fall within this Government, therefore in order to preſerve to the Proprietors of ſuch Grants, the equitable Right they have to the Lands mentioned therein, he forbids all the Deputy Surveyors of this Province from laying any Warrant on Lands for which Grants have been obtained in North-Carolina: And notifies all Perſons poſſeſſed of or intitled to ſuch Grants, that, on producing them within 12 Months, they may have Grants for the ſame from this Government, without their perſonal Attendance at Charles-Town, &c.

WILLIAMSBURGH, *(Virginia) July* 2.

The ſtorm of wind and hail which fell laſt Thurſday ſe'nnight, has ruined many fields of wheat, and greatly damaged the young corn in ſeveral counties up James-River, as well as in New-Kent and Glouceſter; a number of houſes were likewiſe thrown down on ſeveral plantations, and windows broke to pieces by the hailſtones which were remarkable large.

The Governor has iſſued his proclamation, and offered a reward of fifty pounds, for apprehending one Nicholas Curlett, lately a tavern-keeper in Wincheſter, who, on the 27th of May laſt, barbarouſly murdered Mr. Jeremiah Beall, a merchant of that place, by firing through his door at him with a rifle. It ſeems Mr. Beall, and ſome others, had been merry-making that day, and in the evening, hearing a fiddle at Curlett's tavern, they propoſed joining the company there, but upon their coming were refuſed admittance by Curlett, who ſhut the door upon them. They perſiſting in their reſolution to enter the houſe, Curlett went through his back door to a neighbour's for powder and ball, and upon his return, finding them ſtill at the door, inſtantly fired. The ball entered on one ſide of the forehead of a young man, Mr. Beall's ſtorekeeper, which has been ſince extracted, and it is thought he will recover. Mr. Beall received his mortal wound by a ſplinter from the door.

NEW-HAVEN, July 17.

Laſt Monday morning, the Hon. Robert Walker, Eſq; of Stratford, was ſuddenly ſeized with a fit of the apoplexy, while at breakfaſt, and expired in about fifteen minutes, in the 69th year of his age. He was one of the judges of the ſuperior court, and a member of the council of this colony.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.

By Capt. Davidſon, from Hiſpaniola, we learn, that Captain All, in a brig belonging to Rhode-Iſland, bound to Cape Nichola Mole, was, on the 24th of June, caſt away on the Corcuſſes. The veſſel is entirely loſt, but the Capt. and crew were taken up and carried to the Mole by a ſloop belonging to Providence.——We further learn, that Capt. Johnſon, from Georgia, arrived there, and informed Capt. Davidſon, that on his paſſage he ſpoke a brig from Jamaica for London, the Captain of which acquainted him, that he ſaw a ſloop in the Gulph, mounting ſeveral guns, who fired at, and brought too three or four veſſels and boarded them: They attempted to board him, but he fortunately got away through the darkneſs of the night. They appeared to be pirates, as they hoiſted different colours.

On the 26th of June, the French General arrived at the Mole from Port au Prince, and declared to the Engliſh merchants and Captains of veſſels, that while they conformed to the limitations and reſtrictions preſcribed, the trade carried on by them there, ſhould meet with his protection and encouragement.

NEW-YORK, *July* 23.

Captain Cummings informs us, That the Ship Hope, Capt. Stewart, and Brig Gallway-Packet, Capt. Burk, were to ſail for this Port, in a few Days after him. He ſpoke with the following Veſſels on the Paſſage, viz. The 19th of June, Lat. 47, 36, with Capt. Johnſton, in a Ship from Montſerrat, for London, belonging to Piſcataqua; the 8th Inſtant, Lat. 32, 40, with Capt. Shaw from Virginia for Glaſgow; and the 11th following, Lat. 38, 35, with the Brig Havannah, Capt. Hamilton, from this Port for Liſbon.

Capt. M'Kenzie ſailed from Belfaſt for New-Caſtle, on Delaware, about the Middle of May.

The Bryant, Gill, from New-York, is arrived at Graveſend.

The Ship Samſon, Capt. Cooper, was to ſail from London, for this Port, ſome Time in June.

Laſt Saturday Night departed this Life, greatly lamented, Mrs. MARGARET NICHOLS, the amiable Conſort of Richard Nichols, Eſq; of this City, in the 73d Year of her Age.

Though the Diſorder under which ſhe laboured was extremely painful and diſtreſſing, yet ſhe bore it with becoming Fortitude, and an intire Acquieſcence to the Will of her Heavenly Father.

During the long Space of Fifty-two Years, ſuch an endearing Affection reciprocally ſubſiſted between her and her diſconſolate Partner, as may indeed be equalled, but will ſcarcely be exceeded; and which, notwithſtanding the Infirmities of Age, ſeemed only to increaſe with their Years.

As a Wife, ſhe was remarkably diſtinguiſhed by her tender Care and affectionate Attention to her Huſband:—As a Parent, ſhe was exemplary in her Attachment to, and Fondneſs for her Children:—As a Miſtreſs, ſhe was kind, and even indulgent to her Servants.

If Benevolence of Heart, and a truly charitable Diſpoſition characterize the good Chriſtian, ſhe was moſt amply entituled to that deſirable Appellation. Her Hands were ever open to relieve the Poor and diſtreſſed. Her greateſt Pleaſure was to cheer the drooping Spirits of the Unfortunate; and ſhe often felt that exalted Joy of calling forth the Smiles of Gladneſs upon thoſe Countenances that were before clouded with the Misfortunes or Calamities of Life.

Endued with ſuch eminent Qualities, her Loſs is moſt ſenſibly felt by her Family, and all her Acquaintance; and their Grief is only alleviated by reflecting upon that calm, placid, and reſigned Behaviour which ſhe preſerved to her laſt Moments.

Her Remains were laſt Monday Evening decently interred in the Family Vault, in Trinity Church Yard.

AMBOY. *July* 17. On Tueſday departed this Life in the 78th Year of his Age, Capt. WILLIAM BRYANT, and laſt Night his Remains were decently interr'd. He was not more remarkable for having been upwards of thirty Years a ſkilful and ſucceſsful Navigator between the Ports of New-York and London, than for being in an eminent Degree poſſeſſed of the Virtues of Sincerity, Temperance, Integrity, and Benevolence, and of a true and unaffected Piety.

A Friend to the Deceaſed thinking the following a ſuitable Epitaph, deſires it may be here inſerted.

THO' Neptune's Waves, and Boreas' Blaſts,
Have toſs'd me to and fro;
In ſpight of theſe, by God's Decrees,
I harbour here below.
Where ſafely I, at Anchor lie,
With many of our Fleet:
One Day we ſhall, again ſet ſail,
Our Admiral CHRIST to meet.

Cuſtom Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Schooner Shirley, J. Elam, from Cadiz; Diſpatch, T. Mountanye, Tortola. Brig Lord Camden, R. Elder, Hiſpaniola; Betſy, P. Schermerhorn, South-Carolina. Snow Peggy, W. Cumming, Liverpool. Ship Pike, B. Linthorne; and Sloop Charlotte, J. Stout, Newfoundland; Rhoda, J. Carver, Rhode Iſland; Betſy, W. Lightbourn, St. Croix; Spry, E. Hand, Tobago; Little Betſy, Godwiſe, St. Croix.

Outward.—Brig Liberty, J. Prince, for Cayenne. Sloop Caty, C. Leaycraft: and Betſy, J. Duncan, Hiſpaniola: Hunter, S. Prudden; and Schooner Polly, S. Green, New-Providence. Sloop Neptune, M. Lee, Penſacola: Hannah, J. Wynkoop, Coracoa: Polly, T. Periam, Grenades.

Cleared.—Sloop Sally, S. Lyon: Martin, J. Robert: Suſanna, W. Almy: and Dolphin, T. Bennett, to North-Carolina. Richard, T. Quill, Madeira: Delight, G. Bayley, St. Vincents: Clariſſa, P. Vail, Halifax: Two Partners, P. Burner, Hiſpaniola: Defiance, S Warner: Humbird, T. Cox: Mary Ann, D. Reynolds: and Dolphin, F. Hunt Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Black Prince, J. Savius: and Neptune, S. Soule, Rhode-Iſland: Thomas and Elizabeth, T. Gilbert, Hiſpaniola: George and Nancy C. Kellum, Virginia: Bon Adventure, J. Doane, Teneriff. Brig Rainbow, P. Weſtcott, Newfoundland: Atalanta, F. De Witt, Coracoa. Ship Clarinda, J. Palmer, Liverpool.

ST. DAVID's CHURCH LOTTERY.

BEGAN drawing Yeſterday, at Mr. De La Montagnie's, and adjourned until this Afternoon at 3 o'Clock.—— All the high Prizes ſtill remain in the Box, and a few Tickets are yet on Hand, to be diſpoſed of by DAVID MATHEWS, Eſq; or by the Managers, at the Place of Drawing. (1542)

This DAY at Noon,
Will be ſold at the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe,
A Parcel of Houſhold and Kitchen
Furniture, having been ſeized for Rent.
AND
On TUESDAY next
Will be SOLD at the ſame Place, by
PATRICK M'DAVITT,
A likely young Negro WENCH,
about 12 Years old, extremely handy.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

FOR diſpoſing of a Houſe and Lot of Ground now in the poſſeſſion of William Elſworth, which lottery conſiſts of 1900 tickets, at three dollars per ticket, 1448 blanks and 452 prizes, the higheſt of which is the houſe and lot of ground above-mentioned, ſituate in the eaſt ward of this city, in Queen-ſtreet, near Burling's-ſlip, rents at 70 pounds a year and the taxes; valued at 1400 pounds by the ſworn appraiſers of this city. As a blank deed is already made out, the adventurers may be aſſured that the fortunate number which ſhall draw the houſe and lot of ground, ſhall be put into poſſeſſion as ſoon as the lottery is drawn (ſubject to no deduction) which will be on Wedneſday the 29th day of July inſtant; when the fortunate numbers will be printed in hand-bills, and the prizes punctually paid.

42— WILLIAM ELSWORTH.

Some Tickets may be had of the Printer hereof.

JOHN C. KNAPP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, DE B. R.
At his OFFICE in BROAD-STREET:

CONSTANTLY *attends*, and on the uſual eaſy Fees gives the moſt candid Opinion and Advice, as well in all Caſes of Law and Equity, as on Wills, Deeds, and other Writings, ſtrictly agreeable to the Letter of the Law, and ſuch plain Reaſons laid down in Support thereof, as to give the deſired Satisfaction, and thereby prevent the commencing or defending thoſe Suits, which only can be productive of Trouble and Expence, *many Times* to Perſons in low Circumſtances *after Ruin*.

Writings and Conveyances of every Kind, drawn effectually to anſwer the Purpoſes intended, *the Charge thereof* will at all Times be governed by Circumſtances:—*And* many little neceſſary Inſtruments, brought within the Compaſs of *One Dollar*.

Letters of Attorney, Certificates, and other Papers perfected under the City Seal, or otherwiſe, as the Caſe may require:—*Debts* recovered at moſt Times without Law; *and* Perſons aſſiſted to recover their Property in England, or other diſtant Parts.

Executors and Adminiſtrators adviſed and inſtructed in the due Execution of their Office, whereby to avoid the great Trouble and Expence which frequently happens from the Want of Knowledge therein.

Sea-faring Men, and other Strangers, who often meet with Difficulty in Matters not altogether relative to the Law, will be particularly aſſiſted.——Many have experienced the eſſential Difference between ſettling little Differences *in an amicable Manner*, to carrying them into Law, where Loſs of Time, great Expence, and long Uneaſineſs of Mind, are the attendant Conſequences.

☞ Thoſe Perſons who pleaſe to favour this Office, in lending out their Money, may depend a due Regard will at all Times be paid to their Intereſt.—*And* as the real Utility of a publick Office like this, depends on Punctuality, the moſt immediate Diſpatch of Buſineſs, and giving eaſy Acceſs to the Commonalty, in Point of Fees, &c. thoſe Requiſites ſhall be duly obſerved, by the Publick's

Much obliged, and very obedient Servant,

23d July, 1772. JOHN C. KNAPP.

WETHERSFIELD.

WHEREAS his preſent Majeſty King George the third, by his letters patent, under the great ſeal of the province of New-York, hath granted to certain perſons therein named, ALL that certain tract or parcel of land, ſituate, lying and being on the weſt ſide of Connecticut river, in the county of Cumberland, within the province of New-York; beginning on the weſt bank of Connecticut river, at the ſouth eaſt corner of the townſhip of Windſor, and runs from thence along the ſouthermoſt bounds of Windſor, north ſeventy four degrees weſt, four hundred and eighty chains; thence ſouth twelve degrees, weſt four hundred and eighty chains, to a tract of land commonly called and known by the name of Springfield; thence along the northermoſt bounds of the laſt mentioned tract of land, ſouth ſeventy eight degrees, eaſt four hundred and eighty chains, to Connecticut river; thence northerly along the ſaid river, as it winds and turns, to the ſoutheaſt corner of Windſor, where this tract firſt began; containing twenty one thouſand and five hundred acres, and the uſual allowance for highways, including a tract of five hundred acres of land granted to Lieutenant Thomas Etherington; and containing, including the ſaid tract laſt mentioned, and four lots granted in truſt for public uſes, the quantity of twenty three thouſand acres, and the uſual allowance for highways; and hath erected the ſame into a townſhip by the name of WETHERSFIELD. And whereas a grant of the ſame tract of land was heretofore pretended to be made by a certain inſtrument, under the great ſeal of the province of New-Hampſhire, unto Gideon Lyman, Eſq; Daniel Lyman, Eſq; Daniel Lyman, jun. Joſeph Little, Medad Lyman, Samuel Miles, Samuel Miles, jun. Enos Allen, James Rice, Joſeph Trowbridge, Roſwell Woodward, Thomas Trowbridge, Abraham Thompſon, jun. Phineas Lyman, Eſq; Abraham Thompſon, Jacob Thompſon, Stephen Allen, Gideon Lyman, jun. James Storer, Sylvanus Biſhop, Samuel Biſhop, jun. John Mix, John Pierpoint, John Bradley, jun. Phineas Bradley, Elijah Lyman, John Cornwall, Lemuel Hotchkiſs, John Nelſon, Jonah Bradley, Hezekiah Parmalee, jun. John Auſtin, Iſrael Munſon, Joel Gilbert, Joſeph Thompſon, Caleb Gilbert, Joſeph Dorman, Joſeph Wooden, Timothy Potter, Ebeneser Johnſon, Selah Wright, Naomi Lyman, John Lyman, jun. Gad Lyman, Benjamin Sheiden, William Cannada, Reuben Wright, Phineas Lyman, Eleazur Burt, Elnathan Wright, Ephraim Wright, jun. Theodore Atkinſon, Eſq; M. H. Wentworth, Eſq; Bildad Wright, Elias Lyman, Nathaniel Phelps, Benning Wentworth, John Wentworth, Eſqr; John Nelſon Merch, H. Hall Wentworth, Wiſeman Clagget, Eſq; and Theodore Atkinſon, jun.—and to be erected into a townſhip of that province by the name of WETHERSFIELD.—And whereas it is intended that all perſons intereſted in any of the ſaid lands, under the ſaid pretended grant (except as is herein after excepted) ſhould upon the terms and under the proviſoes herein after mentioned, be enabled to obtain a good title to their ſeveral ſhares and intereſts therein, under the grant thereof iſſued under the great ſeal of the Province of New-York.—PUBLIC NOTICE is therefore hereby given, to all the perſons above-mentioned to whom the ſaid pretended grant was originally made as aforeſaid; and to all other perſons reſpectively, poſſeſſed of, or intereſted in any of the ſaid lands, by, from, or under any of them; that all and ſingular their ſeveral intereſts reſpectively, in the ſaid tract of land, under the ſaid pretended grant, ſhall be confirmed to them reſpectively, under the ſaid grant thereof made as aforeſaid, under the great ſeal of the province of New-York (except a lot of five hundred acres, granted by his Majeſty to the aforeſaid Thomas Etherington, and certain lots granted for public uſes as aforeſaid), provided they apply for the ſame reſpectively, to the ſubſcriber, of New-Haven, in the county of New-Haven, in the colony of Connecticut, within one year after this notification, paying to him their reſpective proportions of all fees, charges, and diſburſements, with the lawful intereſt thereof, which have or ſhall ariſe and grow due by reaſon of the ſuing out the ſaid letters patent; together with the coſts and charges of the deeds and conveyances to be made to them reſpectively.

DAVID WOOSTER.

New-Haven, July 20, 1772. 42 44

[☞ The New-York Militia Act, which every Officer and private Man in the Province will want, may be had of the Printer.]

POET'S CORNER.

To a LADY, going to BATHE in the SEA.

VENUS, moſt Hiſtories agree,
Sprung from the Ferment of the Sea,
Yet I confeſs I'm always loth
To think ſuch Beauty was but Froth,
Or that the Ocean, which more odd is,
Should from a Bubble form a Goddeſs:
Tho' hence, my Laura, learned Fellows
Of ſuch its wond'rous powers ſtill tell us,
That ev'ry Mother brings her Daughter
To dip in this ſpecific Water,
Expecting from the briny Wave
Charms which it once to Venus gave.
Theſe charms, my Laura ſtrive to gain;
And that you may not bathe in vain,
I'll here (as well as I am able)
Give you a moral to this Fable.
Would you a Goddeſs reign, o'er all?
From the wide Flood its Virtues call;
Free from each Stain thy Boſom keep,
Clear be it as this azure Deep;
Which no capricious Paſſion knows,
But duly ebbs, and duly flows;
Tho' ſometimes ruffled, calm'd as ſoon,
Still conſtant to its faithful Moon;
At whoſe Approach with Pride it ſwells,
And to each Shore its chaſte Love tells:
Heedleſs of ev'ry Change of Weather,
That wafts a Straw or Coxcomb's Feather,
Which only on the Surface play,
And unobſerv'd, are waſh'd away:
Reflect, that lodg'd within its Breaſt,
The modeſt Pearl delights to reſt;
While ev'ry Gem to Neptune known,
Is there with partial Bounty ſown.——
In Years, thus ever may we trace,
Each ſparking Charm, each bluſhing Grace;
To theſe let Judgment Value give,
And in that Seat of Beauty live!
This Moral keep before your Eyes,
Plunge——and a Newborn Venus riſe.

Wanted immediately,

A Young Man qualified to act as a Tutor in a Gentleman's Family.—Inquire at the Cuſtom Houſe. 41 44

TO BE SOLD,

THE farm of the ſubſcriber lying in the town of New-Barbados, commonly called Hackinſack, three quarters of a mile from the church and court houſe. containing about 44 acres; part is, and in one ſeaſon moſt may be made, the beſt of Engliſh mowing ground; on ſaid farm is a dwelling-houſe, five rooms on a floor, a large orchard of about 200 trees of the beſt of apples and other fruit, &c. Its natural ſituation is ſuppoſed to exceed any in thoſe parts, and would be very agreeable for a retired life, or advantageous for trade of any ſort, having a ſpacious, clean, bold ſhore, the only one for near ſix miles along the weſt ſide of Hackinſack river; a good griſt-mill adjoining on ſaid river, and the two main country roads meeting near the premiſes. Alſo to be ſold with the above, a lot of meadow along ſaid river, adjoining the landing of William Proveſt, Eſq; with 24 acres of woodland, well ſtocked with timber. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſame, may for particulars, enquire on the premiſes, or of James M'Culloch, near the court-houſe. or the ſubſcriber, (at the bridge, Old-Slip, Cruger's Wharf) who will agree on reaſonable terms, and give a good title for the ſame.

41 44 *JOHN ROMINE.*

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

For raiſing the Sum of £ 1350 for buying a Perſonage, for the Preſbyterian Congregation of New-Hempſted, in Orange County, and finiſhing their Church, and for building a Preſbyterian Church in the North Part of Newburgh Precinct, in the County of Ulſter.

			Dollars.		Dollars.
1	Prize	of	1000	is	1000
2	Ditto	—	500	are	1000
3	Do.	—	300	are	900
6	Do.	—	100	are	600
15	Do.	—	50	are	750
20	Do.	—	30	are	600
30	Do.	—	15	are	450
35	Do.	—	10	are	350
3300	Do.	—	5	are	16500.
First drawn Blank for firſt 6 Days, 50 Dollars each,					300
Laſt drawn Blank		—	50 Dollars,		50

☞ Theſe are not included in the Prizes.

3412 Prizes,	—	—	22500
5588 Blanks.			
9000 Tickets, at 2 Dollars and half each, is			22500

The Drawing to begin the 29th Inſtant, in New-York, and under the Inſpection of a Number of Gentlemen of Reputation, both in the City of New-York, and in the Counties of Orange and Ulſter.

Little need be ſaid to ſhow how advantageous this Scheme is to the Adventurers, as there is little more than one Blank and a Half to a Prize; this, with the Benevolent Purpoſes to which the Profits ariſing from this Lottery are to be appropriated, it is hoped will induce the Public to encourage it.

The Prizes will be punctually paid by the Managers then to be appointed, ſubject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. As ſoon as the Books are ſettled by the Managers to be appointed, the fortunate Numbers will be printed in the public News Papers. (41 44)

Tickets may be had from Meſſrs John Anderſon, Samuel Loudon, and William Ogilvie, in New-York; Orange County, of John Coe, William Coe, Daniel Evert, Eſqrs. and David Pye; Ulſter County, of Mr. Abner Bruſh.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Number of Tickets of the Second New Caſtle Lottery, unſold in this City, is ſo inconſiderable, that they will be certainly ſold by the Firſt Day of Auguſt: And the Sale of the Tickets ſent to other Places is ſo far advanced, that none will be returned for Sale here, after that Day; therefore ſuch as intend to become Adventurers are deſired to apply in Time, as it's poſitively determined to cloſe the Sale here by the firſt of Auguſt.

New-York, July 13, 1772. 41 44

The SECOND NEW-CASTLE LOTTERY, *On* DELAWARE,

FOR *raiſing the Sum of* Three Thouſand Six Hundred Pounds, New-York *Currency for the Benefit of the United* PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES *in the City of* New-York, *the* SECEDING CRURCH *in the ſaid City, and the* PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH *in* Richmond County.

The SCHEME.

Number of Prizes.		*Value of each.*		*Dollars.*
1 Prize	of	4000	is	4000
1 Ditto	—	2000	is	2000
2 Do.	—	1000	are	2000
5 Do.	—	500	are	2500
10 Do.	—	200	are	2000
15 Do.	—	100	are	1500
30 Do.	—	50	are	1500
125 Do.	—	20	are	2500
41800 Do.	—	10	are	41800
4369 Prizes,				59800
7631 Blanks.				
	First drawn,	—		100
	Laſt drawn,	—		100
12,000 Tickets, at 5 Dollars each, are				60,000

Not one Blank and three Quarters to a Prize.

IT is with ſincere Gratitude the United Preſbyterian Congregations in the City of *New-York*, acknowledge the Favours of the Public in filling the late *New-Caſtle* Lottery, which is now finiſhed with the greateſt Exactneſs, and it is with great Reluctance this new Scheme is offered to their Friendſhip; but as the neat Proceeds ariſing to them from the firſt Lottery, fall ſhort of their Debt more than *One Thouſand Pounds*, and their old Church ſtands in Need of Repair, and their new Church not yet finiſhed, it is hoped theſe preſſing Neceſſities will apologize for their ſecond Application to their Benevolence.

The Preſbyterian Congregation in *New-York*, called *Seceders*, labour under ſo heavy a Debt incurred by building their Church, that they muſt ſhortly ſink under the Weight of it, unleſs ſpeedily relieved in this or ſome other Way; and the Congregation in *Richmond County* has not had the Ordinances of the Goſpel adminiſtered among them in a ſtated Way, in the Manner their Conſciences direct them to Worſhip the God of their Fathers, ſince their firſt Foundation, nor are they able to ſupport them without conſiderable Aſſiſtance, which is requeſted in this Method.—Theſe Conſiderations it is hoped will induce the Benevolent to encourage this new Scheme, which is ſtill more advantageous to the Adventurers than the firſt, as there is not quite one Blank and three Quarters to a Prize, and the loweſt Prizes are double the Value of the Ticket, which may draw *Four Thouſand One Hundred Dollars.*

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, who are to be upon Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt repoſed, viz. *George Monro*, Eſq; *David Finney*, Eſq; *John Thompſon*, Eſq; *Nicholas Van Dyke*, Eſq; and Mr. *Samuel Patterſon*, all of *New-Caſtle County*: And as there are a Number of Gentlemen of extenſive Acquaintance and Influence who intereſt themſelves in the Diſpoſal of the Tickets, it is not doubted it will be completed by the firſt Day of *Auguſt* next, when the Drawing is to begin at the Town of *New-Caſtle.*

A Liſt of the fortunate Numbers will either be publiſhed in the *Boſton, Rhode-Iſland, Connecticut, New-York, Philadelphia*, and *Charles-Town* News-Papers, or carefully ſent to thoſe Places; and the Prizes will be paid, ſubject to a Deduction of *Fifteen per Cent.* by Meſſrs. *David Vanborne, Nathaniel Hazard, John Murray, William Neilſon, Walter Buchanan, John Morton, Samuel Broome*, and Co. and *John Broome*, Merchants in *New-York*; by Doctor *John Cochran*, in *New-Brunſwick*; *Robert Ogden*, Eſq; and Mr. *John Blanchard*, Merchants in *Elizabeth-Town*; Meſſrs. *Peter Chevalier, John Bayard*, and *John Meaſe*, Merchants, in *Philadelphia*; and by proper Perſons who ſhall hereafter be appointed, in all the other capital Towns on the Continent.

TICKETS are to be had from the Managers, and from Doctor *John M'Kinly*, in *Wilmington.* Orders for Tickets left with any of the above named Gentlemen will be carefully forwarded. 41—

New-York, 24th June, 1772.

THE STAGE COACH BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND BOSTON,

WHICH for the firſt Time ſets out this Day from Mr. Fowler's Tavern, (formerly kept by Mr. Stout) at Freſh-Water, in New-York, will continue to go the Courſe between Boſton and New-York, ſo as to be at each of thoſe Places once a Fortnight, coming in on Saturday Evening and ſetting out to Return, by the Way of Hartford, on Monday Morning.

The Price to Paſſengers, will be 4d. New-York, or 3d. lawful Money per Mile, and Baggage at a reaſonable Rate.

Gentlemen and Ladies who chooſe to encourage this uſeful, new, and expenſive Undertaking, may depend upon good Uſage, and that the Coach will always put up at Houſes on the Road where the beſt Entertainment is provided.

The Stage Coaches will next Trip arrive at New-York and Boſton, on Saturday the 11th of July, and will ſet out from thence to Hartford on Monday the 13th, meeting at Hartford on Wedneſday the 15th, where, after ſtaying a Week, they will ſet out again on Wedneſday the 23d for New-York and Boſton, where they will arrive on Saturday the 25th, and ſet out to return on Monday the 27th, &c.

If on Trial the Subſcribers find Encouragement, they will perform the Stage once a Week, only altering the Day of ſetting out from New-York and Boſton to Thurſday, inſtead of Monday Mornings. 28—

JONATHAN and NICHOLAS BROWN.

General Poſt-Office, New-York, July 8, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, that for the commercial Intereſt of the Inhabitants on both Sides of Hudſon's River, the Albany Poſt is order'd to ride alternately on each Side of the ſaid River; ſetting out from hence to, and returning from Albany one Week on the Eaſt Side, and the next Week on the Weſt Side.

By Command of the Deputy Poſt-Maſter General,
ALEXANDER COLDEN, Sec'ry.

FRANCIS LEWIS and Son,

Have brought over with them from England,

A General Aſſortment of Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon; moſt of which they purchaſed immediately from the Manufacturers, and will ſell at the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their Store in Queen-ſtreet, near the Fly-Market, lately occupied by Mr. John Morton. 31——tbctf

GUEUBEL,

COACH PAINTER and GILDER,
At the Upper End of New-Street, near the CITY-HALL,
Paints all SORTS of
Flowers, Coats of Arms, &c.
IN THE NEATEST MANNER. 40-43

WATCHES, HORIZONTAL, REPEATING, or PLAIN; CLOCKS, ASTRONOMICAL, MUSICAL.

IS any ingenious Artificer (of Spirit) within 100 Miles, capable of making either, or a Thing in Imitation of either? tho' 'tis not worth a Dollar, 'twill be a wonderful Rarity.

Mr. SIMNET boaſts with Gratitude the abundant Favours of the Gentry, &c. in Town and Country, which ſurpaſs Expectation, and enable him to continue to reduce the Price of mending Work, which is very—very high.

Glaſſes 1s. Springs or Chains 6s. or 8s. Cleaning 2s. every particular Article in repairing at HALF Price, by

J. SIMNET, WATCH-FINISHER, and Manufacturer, of *London*,
At the Black *Dial, with a* White *Poſt, the low Shop, aſide the Coffee-Houſe Bridge, New-York.* 39—

READING.

WHEREAS his Majeſty by his letters patent under the great ſeal of the province of New-York, hath granted to certain perſons therein named, ALL that certain tract or parcel of land known by the name of READING, ſituate, lying and being on the weſt ſide of Connecticut river, in the county of Cumberland, within the province of New York, beginning at the ſouth weſt corner of a certain tract of land erected into a townſhip by letters patent under the great ſeal of the province of New-York, by the name of WINDSOR, and runs thence north 74 degrees weſt, 480 chains; then north 12 degrees, eaſt 557 chains; then ſouth, 65 degrees, eaſt 440 chains, to the north weſt corner of the ſaid townſhip of Windſor; and then along the weſt bounds of the ſaid townſhip of Windſor, ſouth, 6 degrees, weſt 494 chains, to the place where this tract or parcel of land began; containing (incluſive of a certain lot of 500 acres reſerved to his Majeſty, and of certain lots therein granted for public uſes) 22,300 acres of land, and the uſual allowance for highways; and hath erected the ſame into a townſhip by the name of READING. And whereas a grant of the ſame tract of land was heretofore pretended to be made, by a certain inſtrument under the great ſeal of the province of New-Hampſhire, unto Zedekiah Stone, James Clemmons, Jonas Butterfield, Joſeph Martin, Joſeph Stowell, Michael Metcalf, James Putnam, Jonas Wheeler, John Wilſon, Caleb Stone, William Negas, David Stone, Thap Adams, Elijah Mattoon, Seth Heaton, Ebenezer Winſlow, Joſeph Chandler, Nahum Willard, Daniel Pond, Jacob Amſdell, Wiſeman Clagget, Samuel Wentworth, of Portſmouth, Robert Trail, Eſq; Joſhua Willard, Thomas Clemmons, Iſrael Stowell, Jonathan Hammond, William Grimes, Nathan Stone, William Janeſon Sternes, Jacob Adams, John Sawyer, John Wilder, Jun. John Hilton, Joſeph Negas, Nathaniel Stevens, Philip Mattoon, Jonathan Sanderſon, David Nimes, Simon Stevens, Jonathan Preſcott, John Walt, Joel Stone, Timothy Heald, George Robinſon, John Wilder, Joſeph Stowell, William Smeed, Nathaniel Sunderſon, Daniel Spooner, Thomas Stearnes, William Temple, Timothy Paine, Iſaac Butterfield, Henry Hilton, Capt. Thomas Palmer, Samuel Wentworth, of Boſton, Henry Lloyd, Boſton, Arthur Brown, Jun. George March, Daniel Warner, Eſq; and Joſeph Newmarch, Eſq; and to be erected into a townſhip of that province by the name of READING:—And whereas it is intended that all perſons intereſted in any of the ſaid lands under the ſaid pretended grant, (except as is herein after excepted) ſhould, upon the terms, and under the proviſoes herein after mentioned, be enabled to obtain a good title to their ſeveral ſhares and intereſts therein, under the grant thereof iſſued under the great ſeal of the province of New-York,—PUBLIC NOTICE is therefore hereby given to all the perſons above named, to whom the ſaid pretended grant was originally made, as aforeſaid; and to all other perſons reſpectively poſſeſſed of, or intereſted in any of the ſaid land, by, from, or under any of them, that all and ſingular their ſeveral intereſts reſpectively, in the ſaid tract of land under the ſaid pretended grant, ſhall be confirmed to them reſpectively, under the ſaid grant thereof made as aforeſaid under the great ſeal of the province of New-York, (except the ſhare formerly allotted to Benning Wentworth, Eſquire, containing the 500 acres reſerved to his Majeſty, as aforeſaid) provided they apply for the ſame reſpectively, to the ſubſcriber Nathan Stone, of Windſor, in the ſaid county of Cumberland, Eſquire, within one year after this notification, paying to him their reſpective proportions of all fees, charges, and diſburſements, with the lawful intereſt thereof, which hath or ſhall ariſe, or grow due by reaſon of the iſſuing out the ſaid letters patent; together with the coſts and charges of the deeds and conveyances to be made to them reſpectively. *New-York, 14th June, 1772.*

39— NATHAN STONE.

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of no more Length than Breadth are inſerted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertiſements in the ſame Proportion.

LONDON,

May 1. A certain great lady is to make her first public appearance at court (by permission) on the approaching birth-day, for which occasion a magnificent suit of jewels is bespoken.

Some beautiful samples of the cotton manufactory, now carrying on in Philadelphia, have lately been imported which are much admired.

There is an account from Belfast, that on the 19th instant, at night, a number of persons cut and maimed upwards of 200 bullocks which were driving to Donaghadee, supposed for exportation to Scotland.

House of Commons, *May* 2. Sir Charles Whitworth reported from the committee of ways and means the following resolutions of yesterday, which were agreed to.

That any person or persons possessed of any annuities, being part of the capital or joint stock of three per cent. annuities consolidated, by several acts of parliament of the 25th, 28th, 29th, 32d, and 33d years of the late King (payable at the bank of England) and several subsequent acts of parliament, and of the annuities consolidated by the acts of the 25th of said King, and of the 5th of his present Majesty, called reduced annuities, called old and new South Sea annuities, payable at the South Sea house, who, on or before the 15th instant, and before the sum subscribed shall amount to more than 1,500,000l. shall subscribe their names in order to signify their consent, to receive in satisfaction for any part of the said principal or capital stock standing in their names, 90l. in money for every 100l. original stock so subscribed, and that in proportion for any greater or lesser sum, composing one or more entire sum or sums of 100l. 50l. or 25l. one moiety to be paid on the 15th of July, and the other on or before the 20th of October next, together with the interest due on the capital stock till the 5th of July next, the said subscriber shall be entitled for every 100l. to receive four lottery tickets in a lottery to consist of 60,000 tickets, at the rate of 12l. 10s. each, and in proportion for any greater or lesser sum so subscribed.

That books be opened at the bank of England for the above purpose, and that no person or persons be admitted during the first two days to subscribe or signify his, her, or their consent for any sum or sums, amounting in the whole to more than 10 000l. principal or capital stock.

That towards raising the supply granted to his Majesty, there be issued and applied the sum of 1,856,723l. 13s. 2d out of the surpluses, or overplus monies arising out of, and composing the fund, commonly called the sinking fund.

That a sum not exceeding 20 000l. be granted to his Majesty, for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, and for provisions for the forces in North-America, Nova-Scotia, Newfoundland, and the ceded islands.

That the duties imposed by an act of the 5th of his present Majesty's reign, upon the importation and exportation of gum-senega, be applied towards making good the supply granted to his Majesty.

May 4. Sir Charles Whitworth reported in the House of Commons, the amendments made to the bill for allowing the free importation of rice from his Majesty's colonies in America, which was agreed to——Ordered to be engrossed.

Deferred the bill for relief of Protestant Dissenters till Tuesday.

Friday last Lord North, in the House of Commons opened the budget, and it is now known that the treasury are to pay 2,500,000l. at two instalments, namely, 750,000l. on Midsummer-day and the like sum on Michaelmas-day, all in the three per cents; no person is allowed to subscribe a greater sum than 10,000l. and every subscribing creditor is to be paid 86l. for every 100l. three per cents, and to be indulged with a douceur of four lottery tickets. His Lordship, declared, that so far as he could obtain any light into the present system of the different states of Europe, all was PEACE, and nothing seemed to hinder this so general a peace from continuing *ten years*, which if it did, and he should continue at the head of the Treasury, he proved from uncontrovertable computations, that he should within that period, pay off *seventeen millions five hundred thousand pounds* of the national debt; and farther that when this sum should be thus paid off, the clear neat revenue of this kingdom would amount to *six millions annually*, which would be a sum equal to the undertaking of any war, whether naval or military, or both, with all the combined powers of Europe. His Lordship observed, that the King of France was equally solicitous for a peace; and that although many British officers both in the navy and army might very naturally wish for war in order to display their superior courage and abilities, yet it was the special duty and province of a first Lord of the treasury to consider the event of either peace or war, not in a partial but in a general light; adding that he had considered it in the latter point of view, and though he was as highly sensible of the abilities of his Majesty's naval and military forces as any person in the kingdom, yet upon a comprehensive and general view of things, (*a general view of things*) he was clearly convinced that it was the advantage of this kingdom not to go into war, unless absolutely compelled so to do, which hitherto had not been the case, since whenever his Majesty thought the honour of his crown any way insulted, the insulters had always made ample acknowledgments and condescension.

The state of the nation, with which Lord North on Friday acquainted the Parliament at the opening of the budget, is such as must give satisfaction to the people, however interested writers may endeavour to shew us the happiness of being miserable; our public debt is reduced, our navy in a formidable situation, the army well disciplined, and unanimity once more happily re-established among us: These are real blessings, and if the opening of the ports should fortunately produce a plenty of provisions, we shall reach the summit of political felicity, in spite of foreign foes and domestic incendiaries.

MAY 5.

The Countess of Dieden, the Danish minister's lady, was yesterday presented to their Majesties.

It is confidently asserted, that Count de Guignes will be recalled in due form when his Majesty's birth day is over, and that the Duke de Castle, son to the Marshal Duke de Brisac, will supply his place.

By a letter received at Amsterdam, dated April 25, it is authenticated, that a Spanish frigate which arrived the week before at Ferrol, from Buenos Ayres, brought advice, that the Portuguese subjects who settled at Rio de Janeiro, finding no redress to their grievances, and that nothing but one oppression was to succeed another, bravely took the resolution to do that justice to themselves which they could not obtain either of the King of Portugal or his Viceroy; and that when this frigate left the continent of the Brasils, the subjects at Rio de Janeiro had recourse to arms, and that this dangerous insurrection, it was thought, would not easily be quelled, at least not without first sacrificing the Viceroy, as a victim to the enraged and exasperated insurgents.

Our letter from Vienna, of April 15, remark, that Mr. Dogood, his Imperial Majesty's inter-nuncio at the court of Constantinople, was suddenly recalled, and that Mr. Jentsch is appointed in his stead. The general rumour is, that Mr. Dogood did not execute the duties of his charge agreeable to the intentions of his Imperial Majesty.

We are credibly informed that Fowler Walker, Esq; of Lincoln's Inn, is nominated as chief justice to go to India, with a considerable salary.

On Saturday last a lady of distinction had upwards of 400l. worth of smuggled lace seized from the cushion of her sedan chair, as her ladyship was returning home from a call at her milliner's.

By a letter arrived yesterday from Bristol, we learn of a certainty, that Britain has received sentence to be hanged.

Thursday last being the anniversary meeting of the treasurers and trustees of the charity schools within the cities of London and Westminster, and parts adjacent; there were upwards of five thousand children, who went in procession, and attended divine service at Christ Church, in Newgate-street, where a most excellent sermon was preached by the Reverend Edward Bentham, D. D. After sermon, the treasurers, trustees, and subscribers, dined together at their own expence at the London tavern. The children were seated on a large scaffold erected for that purpose, and in the gallaries. The great variety in the colour of their dresses had a very pleasing effect on the eye; and the sight of so many juvenile plants, which, but for the indulgent hand of culture, might prove pernicious weeds, must give a rapturous satisfaction to every humane and generous mind. As great care is taken by the trustees to qualify these children for manual services, and laborious employments; and as there is annually expended upon them a large sum of money in the woolien, linen and other manufactories of this kingdom; it is therefore hoped that these considerations will excite all sorts of persons to unite in promoting this laudable institution.

Yesterday morning a commission passed the Great Seal, authorizing George, Viscount Townsend, his Majesty's Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, to give the royal assent to an act for rendering securities by mortgages more effectual;——also to an act for preventing of frauds committed by persons claiming the bounties for supplying the city of Dublin with corn and flour;——also to an act for the further improvement of his Majesty's revenue, and for the more effectual preventing of frauds therein, and for continuing and amending several laws heretofore made, and now in full force, relative to the said revenue. A messenger was dispatched with the above as soon as the commission was sealed.

MAY 6. We are assured that when Lady W—— pays her private visits to the Royal Family, she is always received under the stile of Dutchess of G——.

Yesterday a Board of Admiralty was held, when three sloops of war and two cutters were put in commission for the Irish station.

Yesterday at ten o'clock the General Court Martial met at the Judge Advocate's Office, Whitehall, to try General Stroud, for the crime alledged against him; besides Lord Loudon, the President, there were six general officers members of the Court.

Most of the officers, besides serjeants and private men of the regiment, attended as evidences, as did the agent and the undertaker for the regiment.

A serjeant and twelve private men of the horse grenadiers were ordered for duty at the Office during the Court Martial, which it is thought will continue some days.

Saturday morning Th—s M—th—s, Esq; and Mr. Sh—r—d—n, met in Crutched-friars, and came to an immediate decision of their well-known quarrel; when the latter was run through the body, and carried to Mr. E——'s, Thames-street; where, it appears the wound is not mortal. Mr. M—— is gone to France with Capt. K—t, his second.

The usual time allowed for the subscription to past lotteries has been fifteen days. The subscription for the present lottery was filled up on Monday in less than five hours.

Extract of a private letter from the Hague, May 1.

"*The post is just arrived from Copenhagen, since which it is reported that Count Struensee is beheaded, and that Count Brandt has had his right hand cut off, and is condemned to perpetual imprisonment.*"

By authentic advices from Copenhagen, we are informed, that a divorce is agreed upon between the King and Queen of Denmark, but the Queen is to have all the privileges due to her high rank. Her Majesty will be entirely at liberty, and will not go to Aalburg but to Zelle. The Princess her daughter will be brought up in the noble diocese of Walloe in Seeland. All the retinue that was to follow the Queen to Aalburg has been dismissed, as her Majesty is to go to Zelle, and others are engaged, partly English and partly Hanoverians. It is said her Majesty will go by water to Lubeck, from thence by Lauenberg and Luneberg to Zelle, where the castle is prepared for her reception.

Letters from Warsaw, dated April 15, *say*, "*It is now certain that the Congress is opened at Jassy. On the part of the Russians, Mr. Similon, is in correspondence with the Turkish Seraskier Mouffin Oglou. Notwithstanding this, the warlike preparations continue, but it is hoped that a peace will render them unnecessary.*"

Letters from Gibraltar, dated March 20, *give an account of the most dreadful weather for some weeks together. Many vessels are lost between Cadiz and the Streight's mouth. In a violent storm two Danish ships of war of the line were driven from their anchors in Gibraltar bay, one of them on shore, and would have been entirely lost, but by the assistance given them by the Trident English man of war, she was happily got off, and is now in the mole under repair. The same letters add, that a Dutch man of war was thought to be lost off Malaga, and that many vessels then at Gibraltar had been detained there three months by contrary winds.*

Our correspondent from Paris writes, that the true reason has been lately discovered why the Prussian Commissaries have of late bought up such immense magazines of bread corn, and so great a number of horses in Podolia; for, adds he, as it was publickly rumoured that the Prussian agents paid ready money for every thing they bought, and that too in Polish silver, all the merchants, &c. far and near, brought their commodities to the Prussian agents, to whom they sold the same, to the amount of many millions of tinfe's (a tinfe is, in value, about six pence English money); but, upon examination, this Polish silver coin was found to be counterfeit, and not worth more than one fourth part of the real Polish coin. Two of the greatest bankers at Warsaw, having been judicially convicted of being concerned in this iniquitous scheme, have been publickly executed; notwithstanding which public execution, the Prussian troops, now quartered in Great Poland, still force the inhabitants of that province to take this counterfeit coin in all their payments. The same letters add, that many magazines of the Russians which had been in danger of falling into the hands of the Confederates, had also been sold to these Prussian Commissaries, and that the Prussian Eagle, or Great Seal, had been affixed upon them in order to secure them from any violence of the Confederates; and that all these magazines had been paid for in the same counterfeit money; so that by these several operations this counterfeit money is now current all over Poland, which circumstance occasions great confusion, and almost a total stagnation in the trade of that extensive kingdom.

Our correspondent at Berlin, in his first letter to us dated April 25, remarks, that "within these two days, Baron Swieten, envoy extraordinary from the court of Vienna, has had no less than three private audiences of his Majesty." And in his second letter, which is dated April 26, he observes, that "the frequent and private audiences of Baron Swieten remain no longer a secret at this court; at least it is the prevailing opinion here, that his Imperial Majesty has demanded the Princess Sophia Albertina, sister of his present Swedish Majesty, in marriage. The Dowager Queen of Sweden, who is sister to our august Sovereign, is here (at Berlin) and her daughter the Princess Sophia Albertina abovementioned is also at our court. The only point now kept as a mystery is, whether this young Princess, who is a Protestant, will become a convert to the church of Rome, or whether the young Emperor may, agreeable to the laws of this Empire and of Sweden, marry an unconverted Protestant."

BOSTON, July 9.

Two English seamen arrived last week in a vessel at Nantucket, from the Havanna, where we learn they had been imprisoned six or seven years; one of them came to town this week, and informs, that he was taken on the Spanish Main, and carried prisoner to the Havanna for being concerned in an illicit trade, (as it is phrased by those who do not choose to resent the behaviour of the Dons.) During his imprisonment he suffered many hardships, and at length growing old and infirm was released. He says, there were forty-six stout able-bodied English seamen imprisoned at the Havanna when he left it.

HIBERNIA PIG METAL,

Of a very good Quality, for Sale by

WILLIAM NEILSON,

ALSO pepper in bales, blue and white China cups and saucers in small boxes; nails, shot, sad irons, frying pans, pewter, Scotch snuff; Hancock's best Salem sithes, sickles, window glass, best unglaz'd powder, butter in firkins,—choice old Jamaica spirits, wool hats, best GB wool cards, &c. Also a general assortment of European and India goods, imported in the last ships from England, and will be sold very low, for the money, or short credit. 40 43

ABRAHAM DURYEE,

HAS *imported on the best terms from* EUROPE, *and sells at his house in the Main-street, opposite the Fly-market, white lead ground in oil, in powder do. Spanish brown ground, in powder do. yellow oaker ground, in powder do. verdigrise ground, in lump do. red lead, vermilion, Prussian blue, umber, litharge; white vitriol; Naples and King's yellow; crimson and scarlet lake; rose pink, white and brown varnish; linseed oil; spirits of turpintine.—A great variety of colours of superfine and middling brood and narrow cloths; Hunter's Cloth; wiltons; sagathees; German serges; twild Bath coatings; Bath and other coatings; frizes, penistons, half thicks, rattinets, shalloons, durants, serge denim, serge dusey, sattinet; black and blue lastings; bombazeen and crapes; buttons and scarf twist, to match the cloths, &c. sewing silk; cotton and linen checks; worsted, cotton and thread stockings; silk stripes, nankeen, bedtick; buckskin and other gloves; felt and castor hats.—Also, has to sell the very best old Madeira wine, Tenerif and Lisbon wine; sweet do. claret in bottles; Jamaica and West-India rum; old brandy; tea, sugar, coffee, chocolate; pepper and allspice; velvet corks, &c. &c &c* 40 43

PERTH-AMBOY.

LATELY ERECTED,

And now opened, A NEW and CONVENIENT

BATH,

IN which is a Room properly constructed to undress and dress in, with a Stair-Case leading into the Bathing Room, where Persons of either Sex may bathe in Salt-Water, in the greatest Privacy; and for those that choose to swim off into deeper Water, a Door is so placed in the Bath, that they can conveniently go out and return.

The Building is near the End of a Wharf opposite to the Bay: This Bath will be more beneficial, as at about two Miles Distance is a Mineral Water, similar to the German Spaw, which hath proved of the greatest Efficacy in many Disorders; its proper Distance procuring moderate Exercise after bathing, has proved in many Instances very assistant to the Medicinal Quality of the Waters; which with great Success have been directed, after bathing in Sea Water. The Qualities of this Spaw, have been well examined by several Physicians of Ability, and frequently recommended by them, particularly by the present Doctor Johnston, as well as his Father.

N. B. *Genteel Lodgings can be procured in several private Families.* 40—

City of New-York, } ss. BY *Order of the Worshipful Whitehead Hicks, Esq; Mayor of the City of New-York, and one of the Judges of the Mayor's Court of the City and County of New-York: Notice is hereby given, that on Application made to him by Daniel Neil, of the said City of New-York, Merchant, one of the Creditors of Hugh Lindsay, late of the said City Shopkeeper; in Pursuance of the Directions of two several Acts of the Legislature of the Colony of New York, the one entitled, "An Act to prevent Frauds in Debtors," and the other, intitled, "An Act to revive the several Acts therein mentioned, relating to absconding and fraudulent Debtors." He the said Mayor did direct all the whole Estate of the said Hugh Lindsay, real and personal to be seized, and that unless he the said Hugh Lindsay does return and discharge his Debts within three Months after this public Notice given, all his Estate, real and personal, now seized and taken, or that shall be so seized and taken, will be sold for the Satisfaction of his Creditors. Dated this sixth Day of July, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy Two.* 40 43

RICE,

By the CASK or larger QUANTITY,
To be SOLD by
MERCER AND RAMSAY,
Near the Fly Market, betwixt the Ferry Stairs and Burling's Slip. 37 40

GEORGE WEBSTER,

At the three Sugar Loaves in
LEARY-STREET,
HAS FOR SALE,

JAMAICA Spirits
Rum by the hogshead
Brandy—French liquers
Geneva
Genuine Batavia arrack, by the box or single dozen
Old Madeira, Teneriff, by the quarter cask, and
A few doz. sweet Mountain wine
Very best porter and Bristol beer, by the hamper or single doz.
Cheshire cheese
Green, Soushong, Bohea } Teas
Double, Single, Lump, Muscovado } Sugar
Chocolate—Coffee
Oatmeal
Pearl barley
Pepper—Alspice
Ginger, preserved ditto
Cinnamon—Nutmegs
Cloves—Mace
Cask and jar raisins
New currants—Turkey figs
Fresh citron—Sugar plumbs
White sugar candy
Soft shell'd almonds
Capers, Olives } of the very best quality
Anchovies—Florence oil
Catchup
Flour of mustard of the very best quality—Basket salt
Indigo—Starch—Powder blue
And many other articles in the grocery way 39 42

LOST

ON Tuesday morning in the Fly-market, a japanned snuff box, pretty much worn, containing sundry old trinkets, among which were, a pair of oval white stone sleeve buttons set in silver, one of the buttons being broke off from the link; a gold mourning ring, the inscription almost defaced; an old fashioned pair of child's silver buckles, the silver of which weighed about a dollar, the tongues and chapes rusty and unfit for use; a broken silver tea spoon bent so as to lie in the box, &c. Also a 15s. Jersey money bill, value 16/3, and about 2s. in silver. If the above articles have fallen into the hands of any person of honesty and humanity, they will doubtless be glad of an opportunity of restoring them to the right owner, whose circumstances are at present too unhappy to bear the loss, without increasing a distress which would excite compassion, and which every humane person would desire to relieve.

Whoever has found the said box, and its contents, and will deliver them to the Printer hereof, or give notice, where or how they may be recovered, will receive the hearty thanks of the owner, or any reasonable reward in her power to give. 40 43

BY virtue of a writ issued out of the court of chancery for this province of New-York, dated the 25th day of June instant, and to me directed, commanding me to make sale of all that certain messuage, or dwelling house, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate lying and being in the city of Albany, on the south side of the street commonly called and known by the name of Jonker's-street, bounded on the west by the house and lot formerly of Peter Van Brough, deceased, then belonging to James Stevenson; on the south by the Lutheran burying ground; on the east by the passage or lane between the said house and ground, and the house and ground late of Colonel John Schuyler, containing in breadth in front and rear 28 foot and 7 inches, and in length on the east side 92 foot 4 inches, and in length on the west side 103 foot and a half, all wood measure. Which said messuage, or dwelling-house and lot of ground, has by the said court been decreed to be sold at public vendue, on a bill of complaint, exhibited in the said court by Levinus Clarkson, complainant, against Robert Rogers, defendant, for fore-closing the equity of redemption of the said premises, and to return the monies arising by such sale, into the said court, on the 30th day of January next. This is therefore to give notice, that I shall, in obedience to the said writ, expose to sale the said messuage, or dwelling house, and lot of ground, so decreed to be sold, at public vendue at the City Hall of the city of Albany, on the 9th day of January next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. Dated this 27th day of June, 1772. 39 66

HENRY TEN EYCK, Jun.
Sheriff of the city and county of Albany.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

(To be drawn under the Inspection of a Number of reputable Citizens)

FOR raising the sum of three hundred pounds, towards discharging the expenses of a market lately erected at the corner of Maiden Lane, near the place where the old Oswego-market stood, in the Broad-Way. The Lottery to consist of two thousand five hundred tickets, at two dollars each; the prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction.

1	Prize	of	300	Dol. is	300 Dol.
1			250		250
1			200		200
1			150		150
2			100		200
4			50		200
8			25		200
10			10		100
846			4		3384
1	First drawn,		8		8
1	Last drawn,		8		8
876	Prizes,				5000 Dol.
2624	Blanks,				

2500 Tickets, at two dollars each is 5000 Dol.

N. B. Not two blanks to a prize.

Tickets to be had of Nicholas C. Bogert, Henry Roome, Jonathan Lawrence, and all the neighbours about the market.

The drawing will commence the last Week in July next, or sooner, if full. 36 39 New-York, May 15, 1772.

JOHN MORTON,

Has removed from near the Fly Market, to the new Brick House lately occupied by Mr. Samuel Loudon, near the Old Slip-Market, on Hunter's-Quay, and has imported by the last Ships from London,

A General assortment of European and India goods proper for the season, with a large and elegant assortment of oval and square guilt and plain fram'd Looking Glasses, Sconces and Dressing Glasses; and by the Levant, Capt. Parsons, and the Restoration, Capt. Thomas, just arrived from Bristol; ——3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 24d. nails; 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12 window glass in ½ and ¼ boxes; No. 1, 2 3, 4 and 5 shot, fuzee balls and bar-lead; knives and forks, cutteau and penknives, razors, scissars, snuff boxes, glass links, shoe and knee buckles, iron and brass wire, bars of copper, blister'd and cast steel, sheet iron; boxes of tin and rivets, pewter dishes, plates and basons of all sizes; long and short pipes—7-8, 4-4, and 11 8 cotton and linen checks; Irish linens and sheetings, white and brown Russia drilling, Russia sheeting and toweling; Bristol shoes by the trunk, clouting diaper and table cloths of all sizes, Scots snuff in bladders, Scots and Wilton carpets and carpeting; all of which he will dispose of on easy terms for cash, credit or country produce 39 42

For CHARLES-TOWN,
SOUTH-CAROLINA, directly,
And proposes to follow that TRADE,

THE sloop BETSY,
Thomas Timpson, master, a fine new cedar built sloop, burden 50 tons, (merchant's tonnage) now lying at Franklin's Wharf, near Peck's Slip, is ready to take in freight or passengers for the above place. The Vessel has very good accommodations, and will sail in a short time, having good part of her loading engaged. For Freight or passage apply to John Ainer, or the said master on board.

WILLIAM DEANE, Coachmaker,

INFORMS the publick in general, and his customers in particular, that he carries on his business as usual, in Broad-street, where he makes all sorts of coaches, landeaus, phætons, curricles, chairs and chaises; likewise all sorts of harness and saddlers work as also painting, gilding and japanning in the neatest and most elegant manner.—And as he finishes all carriages whatever in his own shop, without applying to any other, he is likewise determined to make them as good, sell them as cheap and be as expeditious as there is a possibility; and to convince the publick of the truth of what he asserts, he will make any piece of work that is required, equal to any imported from England, and will sell it at the prime cost of that imported, by which means those who are pleased to favour him with their custom will save the freight, insurance, and the expences naturally attending in putting the carriages to rights after they arrive. And as a further inducement, he will engage his work for a year after it is delivered, that is, if any part gives way or fails by fair usage, he will make it good at his own expence. Those advantages cannot be obtained on carriages imported. He has now a considerable stock of the best of all materials fit for making carriages—For the above reasons, he most humbly requests the encouragement of the publick, which will be most gratefully acknowledged by him.

Said DEANE paints and repairs all manner of old work very reasonably; and has for sale, just finished, a new phæton, and four new chairs. 39 64

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

BROKE Jail in the county of West-Chester, on Monday the 22d instant, the three following persons, viz. Philip Pinkney, about 28 or 30 years of Age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, well set, and light brown hair. Oliver Killock, 23 or 24 years of age, six feet high or better, can work at the shoemakers or coopers trade, has black hair intermixt with grey; and Nathan Purdie about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, about 60 years of age, a cooper by trade, his hair somewhat grey. Whoever takes up the said persons, and returns them to the gaol keeper of the county of West-Chester, shall have the above reward, or five pounds for either of them, paid by

June 29, 1772. 39 42. JAMES DE LANCEY, sheriff.

ROAD LOTTERY.

WHEREAS the drawing of this lottery was appointed to begin the first of this instant July, and the managers not having been informed whether some of the tickets sent to the neighbouring colonies for sale, are disposed of or not; they have therefore thought best to postpone the drawing till the twenty seventh instant, when it will certainly begin; and as the time is near at hand, it is desired of all persons who have had the disposal of tickets, to make return's without fail by that day. 39 42

Some tickets still on hand, may be had at the usual places.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

Philadelphia, June 26, 1772.

WHEREAS the subscriber's store was broke open last night, and the following goods carried off, viz.

1 piece of half-ell wide silk mantua, about 60 yards, yellow shot with white.
1 piece ditto, about 60 yards, blue shot with white.
2 pieces of light blue India taffety.
5 or 6 pieces of black ditto.
1 piece of red printed linen Bengal stripe.
1 piece of purple ditto.
1 piece of yellow ditto.
Several pieces of silk romal and spotted bandanoe handkerchiefs.
Several patches cambrick, and some sewing-silks.

Whoever apprehends the person or persons concerned in the said robbery, or gives information, so that he or they may be convicted of the same, or the goods be recovered, shall receive the above reward of TEN POUNDS. And all persons, particularly masters of shallops, ferry-men, &c. to whom the said goods may be offered, or who may discover them in the hands of suspicious persons, are requested to detain them, and give information to

THOMAS BARTOW.

N. B. Any person receiving any information of the above theft, is desired to apply to Henry Van Vleck.

New-York, June 30, 1772. 39 42

Reformed German Church Lottery.

The SCHEME.

Number of Prizes.		*Value of each.*			*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	1000	Dollars,	is	1000
2	Ditto of	500	Ditto,	are	1000
3	Ditto of	200	Ditto,	are	600
5	Ditto of	100	Ditto,	are	500
6	Ditto of	50	Ditto,	are	300
12	Ditto of	25	Ditto,	are	300
50	Ditto of	10	Ditto,	are	500
1156	Ditto of	5	Ditto,	are	5780
	First drawn Number				10
	Last drawn Number				10
1235	Prizes,				10000
2765	Blanks.				

4000 Tickets, at Two and a Half Dollars each, 10000

As a Number of the above Tickets are already sold in this City and Pennsylvania, the Drawing will certainly commence very soon; it is hoped therefore that those who become Adventurers will make speedy Application.

Tickets to be had of John and Henry Will, Henry Whiteman, William Corcelious, John Zurcher, Anthony Apple, John Remmy and also of David Grim, at whose House the Lottery will be drawn.

The Prizes will be punctually paid by the above Managers, subject to 15 per Cent. Deduction. 37—

THE Managers of this Lottery, do hereby inform the Public, that they have determined to begin Drawing on Friday the 24th Instant, at the House of Mr. David Grim, at the Sign of the Unicorn, in Horse and Cart-Street; There are yet a few Tickets unsold: Such as are desirous to become Adventurers, are requested to be speedy in their Applications, as the Lottery will be punctually drawn at the Time above-mentioned. 40 42

New York, July 8, 1772.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising the Sum of Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds, New-York Currency, for the Benefit of Christ Church, in New-Brunswick.

1	Prize	of	1000	Dollars, is	1000 Dollars
1	Ditto	-	500	Ditto -	500
1	Do.	-	200	Do. -	200
2	Do.	-	100	Do. are	200
2	Do.	-	75	Do. -	150
2	Do.	-	50	Do. -	100
3	Do.	-	30	Do. -	90
5	Do.	-	20	Do. -	100
10	Do.	-	12	Do. -	120
14	Do.	-	10	Do. -	140
15	Do.	-	8	Do. -	120
1195	Do.	-	4	Do. -	4780
1251	Prizes,				
2499	Blanks.				

3750 Tickets, at 2 Dollars each, are 7500 Dollars.

The Congregation of Christ Church, being under the Necessity of proposing this Lottery, in Order to assist them in erecting a Steeple, and making some Necessary Repairs to their Church; hope it will meet with a favourable Reception from the *Public*, as well on Account of the benevolent Purposes it is designed to promote, as because the Scheme is calculated so much to the Advantage of the Adventurer, *there not being two Blanks to a Prize.*

The Drawing will peremptorily begin on the Second Wednesday in September next, under the Management of several Gentlemen of undoubted Probity.

Lists of the fortunate Numbers will be sent to such Persons as have the Disposal of the Tickets, who will also pay the Prizes, subject to a Deduction of 15 per Cent.

Such Prizes as shall not be demanded in Twelve Months after the Drawing is finish'd, will be deemed to be generously given to the Church.

Lists of the fortunate Numbers will also be publish'd in the New-York and Philadelphia Papers. 37 42

New-Brunswick, May 10, 1772.

THE Subscribers, being much encouraged, have erected a Stage Waggon to drive from Sag Harbour, on Long-Island, to Brooklyn Ferry, once every Week in Summer, and once a Fortnight in the Winter Season. The Stage sets out from Brooklyn Ferry, with Passengers, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon of Monday, and that Night puts up at Samuel Nicoll's, on Hempstead Plains, where a Waggon will be ready for their Reception on Tuesday Morning, to carry them to Epinetus Smith's, at Smith-Town, and there exchange Passengers; and then proceed to Benjamin Havens's, at St. George's Manor; and on Wednesday Morning will set out from thence for Sag Harbour, where a Passage Boat will be ready to carry all Passengers to New-London; likewise Stages are established in the different Towns in Connecticut and Rhode-Island Governments, to carry Travellers to Boston. Terms for Passage are as follow.

From Brooklyn Ferry to Samuel Nicoll's, 4s. each Person.
From Samuel Nicoll's to Epinetus Smith's, 4s.
From Epinetus Smith's to Benjamin Havens's, 4s.
From Benjamin Havens's to Nathan Fordham's, 6s.
Goods per Hundred, 1 Penny per Mile.
And Baggage as usual.

Thus a Passenger may, in three Days, be conveyed 120 Miles on a pleasant Road for 18s. in a convenient Waggon, and meet with the best Entertainment. 'Tis intended the Waggon shall come once a Fortnight by Islip.

SAMUEL NICOLLS,
BENJAMIN HAVENS,
NATHAN FORDHAM.
40—

WE the subscribers being appointed a committee, by the General Assembly of the colony of Connecticut in May last, upon the petition of Abijah Beach, of Stratford, in Fairfield county, against his creditors, representing his inability to pay his debts, and praying to be discharged, &c. hereby give notice to all the creditors of the said Abijah, that we shall attend said business, at the dwelling house of David Osborn of said Stratford, on the third and fourth Mondays of July, and first Monday of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Dated at Stratford this 29th of June, Anno Domini 1772.

THEOPHILUS NICHOLS,
JOHN BROOKS,
JOSEPH CLARK. } Committee.
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